

Wieland-M37

CuZn37 | C27200 | CW508L

C27200 is among the most common brass alloys in Europe. With very similar physical and mechanical properties as C27000, this alloy finds use in the same range of applications, including springs and connectors, electrical engineering components, deep drawn parts and metal goods. Although temperature stability is low, the unique combination of moderate mechanical strength, moderate electrical conductivity and excellent formability make C27200 a highly economical choice.

Chemical composition (Reference)

Cu	63 %
Zn	remainder

Physical properties (Reference values at room temperature)

Electrical conductivity	15 MS/m	26 %IACS
Thermal conductivity	120 W/(m·K)	69 Btu·ft/(ft ² ·h·°F)
Coefficient of electrical resistance*	1.7 10 ⁻³ /K	0.9 10 ⁻³ /°F
Coefficient of thermal expansion*	20.2 10 ⁻⁶ /K	11.2 10 ⁻⁶ /°F
Density	8.44 g/cm ³	0.305 lb/in ³
Modulus of elasticity	105 GPa	15,000 ksi
Specific heat	0.377 J/(g·K)	0.090 Btu/(lb·°F)
Poisson's ratio	0.34	0.34

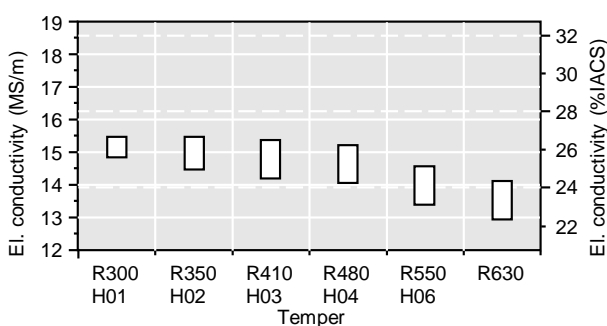
* Between 0 and 300 °C

Mechanical properties (values in brackets are for information only)

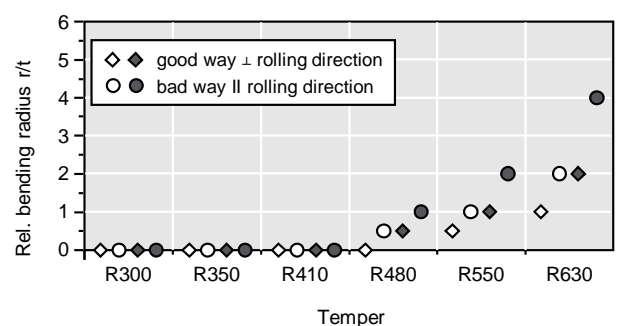
Temper	Tensile strength R _m		Yield strength R _{p0.2}		Elongation A ₅₀ %	Hardness HV
	MPa	ksi	MPa	ksi		
R300	300-370	44-54	≤ 180	≤ 26	≥ 38	(55-90)
R350	350-440	51-64	≥ 170	≥ 25	≥ 19	(95-125)
R410	410-490	59-71	≥ 300	≥ 44	≥ 8	(120-150)
R480	480-560	70-81	≥ 430	≥ 62	≥ 3	(150-180)
R550	550-640	80-93	≥ 500	≥ 73	-	(170-200)
R630	≥ 630	≥ 91	≥ 500	≥ 87	-	(≥ 190)
H01*	340-405	49-59				
H02*	385-455	56-66				
H03*	435-505	63-73				
H04*	485-550	70-80				
H06*	560-625	81-91				

* According to ASTM B36

Electrical conductivity



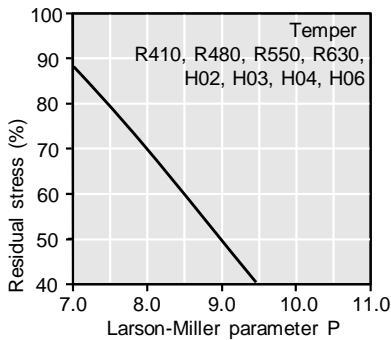
Bendability (Strip thickness t ≤ 0.5 mm) ◆ 90° ● 180°



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Thermal stress relaxation

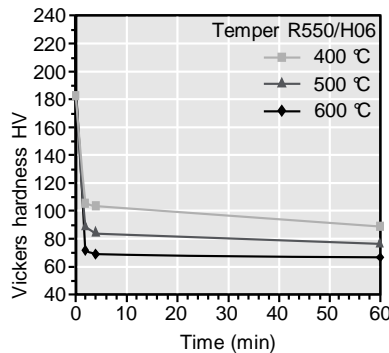
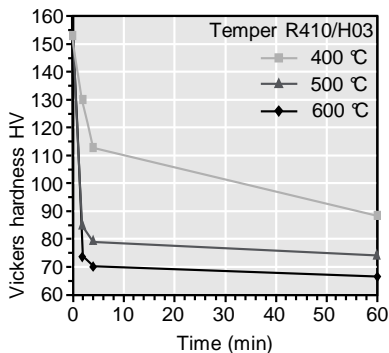


Stress remaining after thermal relaxation as a function of Larson-Miller parameter P
(F. R. Larson, J. Miller, Trans ASME74 (1952) 765–775) given by:
 $P = (20 + \log(t)) \cdot (T + 273) \cdot 0.001$
Time t in hours, temperature T in °C.
Example: P = 9 is equivalent to 1,000 h/118 °C.
Measured on rolled to temper specimens parallel to rolling direction.
Total stress relaxation depends on the applied stress level.
Furthermore, it is increased to some extent by cold deformation.

Fatigue strength

The fatigue strength is defined as the maximum bending stress amplitude which a material withstands for 10^7 load cycles under symmetrical alternate load without breaking. It is dependent on the temper tested and is about 1/3 of the tensile strength R_m .

Softening resistance



Vickers hardness after heat treatment (typical values)

Types and formats available

- Standard coils with outside diameters up to 1,400 mm
- Traverse-wound coils with drum weights up to 1.5 t
- Multicoil up to 5 t
- Hot-dip tinned strip
- Contour-milled strip
- Sheet
- Strip and sheet with protective coating

Dimensions available

- Strip thickness from 0.10 mm, thinner gauges on request
- Strip width from 3 mm, however min. 10 x strip thickness

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